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Oak Ridge National Laboratory U.S. Department of Energy

Researchers Spin Better Pulsar Explanation

- ► Pulsars are left over from core-collapse supernovas
 - Conventional wisdom: Pulsar spin comes from the spin of the original star
 - Better explanation: The core-collapse shockwave creates two rotating flows, with pulsar spin created by the inner flow
 - Why it's better: It explains the range of observed pulsar spins,
 while the conventional wisdom explains only the fastest spins
- ► Three-dimensional simulations run on the Cray X1E (Phoenix)
- ► Tony Mezzacappa, ORNL, and John Blondin, North Carolina State, have published their findings in the January 4, 2007 issue of *Nature*

This visualization shows the propagation of a stationary accretion shock instability wave in a core-collapse supernova. The leading edge of a spiral flow near the surface of the supernova shock is marked by the blue area

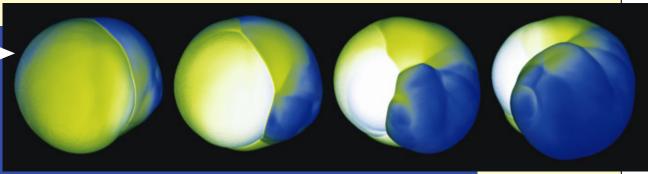


Image Courtesy of John Blondin

in the figure. It is accompanied by a second flow spinning in the opposite direction underneath. This second spinning flow is responsible for imparting the pulsar spin, according to three-dimensional simulations performed at Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

